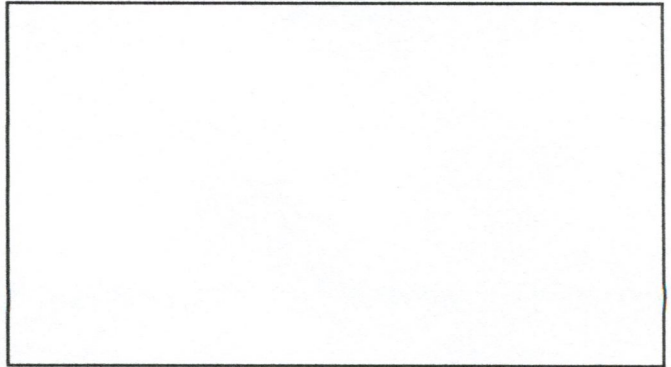


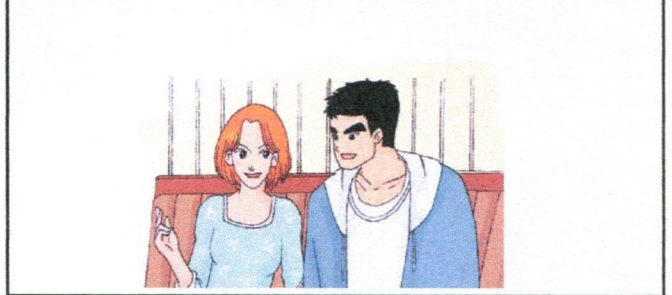
Dì kè: Wèn Hǎo
第一课：问好 Lesson One: Greetings



Dui huà Hù xiāng wèn hòu
对话一：互相问候 Exchange Greetings



Dui huà Wèn bié rén de guó jī
对话二：问别人的国籍 Ask Someone's Nationality



Dì kè: Wèn Hǎo
第一课：问好 Lesson One: Greetings



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:
In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Exchange basic greetings.
2. Request a person's last name and full name and provide your own.
3. Determine whether someone is a teacher or a student.
4. Ascertain someone's nationality.

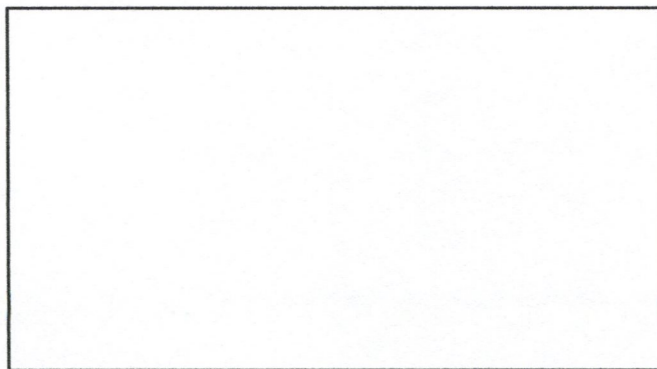
Dì kè: Wèn Hǎo
第一课：问好 Lesson One: Greetings



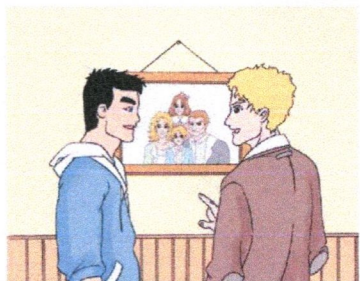
Forms & Accuracy:

1. The Verb 姓 (xìng)
2. Questions Ending with 呢 (ne)
3. The Verb 叫 (jiào)
4. The Verb 是 (shì)
5. Questions Ending with 吗 (ma)
6. The Negative Adverb 不 (bù)
7. The Adverb 也 (yě)

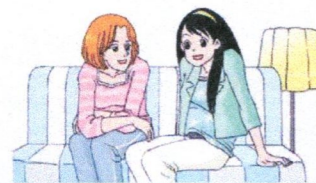
Dì kè: Jiā Tíng
第二课：家庭 Lesson Two: Family



Duì huà Kàn yī zhāng jiā tíng zhào
对话一：看一张家庭照 Looking at A Family Photo



Duì huà Wèn guān yú bié rén de jiā tíng
对话二：问关于别人的家庭 Asking about Someone's Family



Dì kè: Jiā Tíng
第二课：家庭 Lesson Two: Family



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Employ basic kinship terms;
2. Describe a family photo;
3. Ask about someone's profession;
4. Say some common professions.

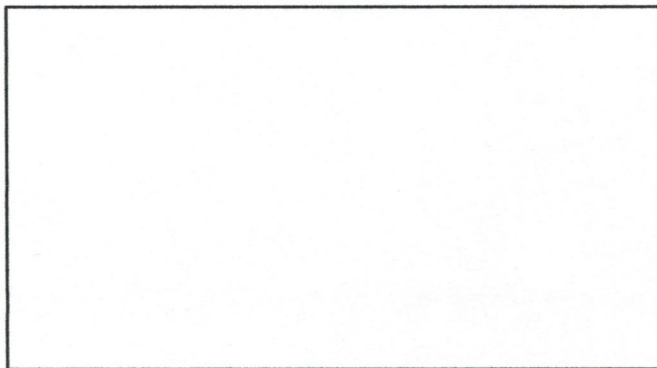
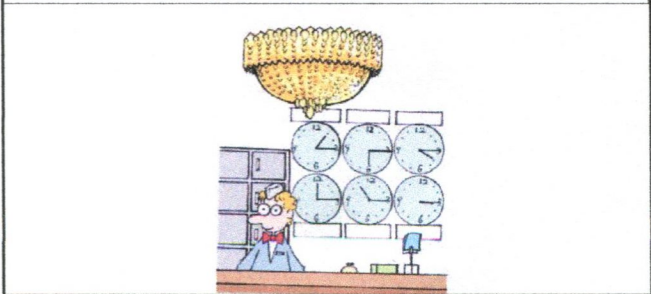
Dì kè: Jiā Tíng
第二课：家庭 Lesson Two: Family



Forms & Accuracy:

1. The Particle 的 (de) (I)
2. Measure Words (I)
3. Question Pronouns: 谁、什么、哪、哪儿、几
4. 有 (yǒu) in the sense of "to Have" or "to Possess"
5. 有 (yǒu) in the sense of "to Exist"
6. The Usage of 二 (èr) and 两 (liǎng)
7. The Adverb 都 (dōu)

Dì kè: rì qī hé shí jiān
第三课：日期和时间 Lesson Three: Date and Time



Dui huà Qǐng rén chī fàn wèi tā/tā qìng shēng
对话一：请人吃饭为他/她庆生

Taking Someone Out to Eat on His/Her Birthday



Dui huà Yāo qǐng bié rén chī wǎn fàn
对话二：邀请别人吃晚饭

Invite Someone to Dinner



Dì kè: rì qī hé shí jiān
第三课：日期和时间 Lesson Three: Date and Time



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Tell and speak about time and dates;
2. Talk about one's age and birthday;
3. Invite someone to dinner;
4. Arrange a dinner date.

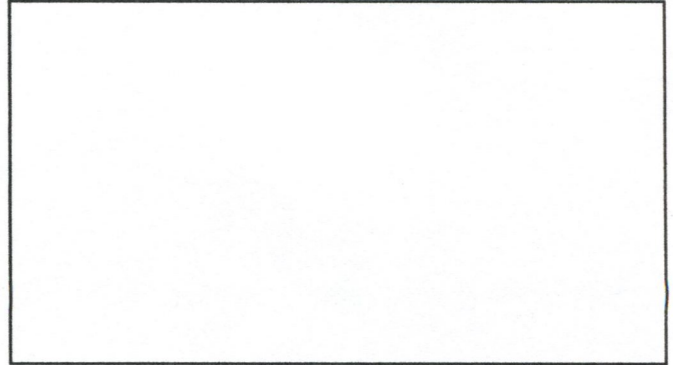
Dì kè: rì qī hé shí jiān
第三课：日期和时间 Lesson Three: Date and Time



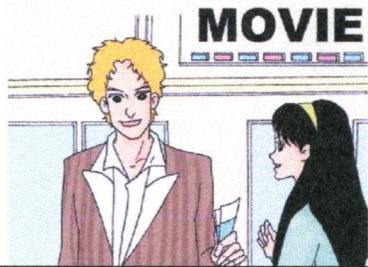
Forms & Accuracy:

1. Numbers (0, 1-100)
2. Dates and Time
3. Pronouns as Modifiers and the Usage of the Particle 的 (de) (II)
4. The Sentence Structure of 我请你吃饭 (Wǒ qǐng nǐ chī fàn)
5. Alternative Questions: (是) ...还是...
6. Affirmative + Negative (A-not-A) Questions (I)
7. The Adverb 还 (hái, also; in addition)

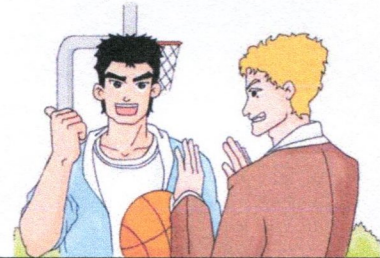
Dì kè: ài hào
第四课：爱好 Lesson Four: Hobbies



Dui huà Tán xìng qù
对话一：谈兴趣 Talking About Hobbies



Dui huà Nǐ xiǎng dǎqiú ma
对话二：你想打球吗？ Would you like to play ball?



Dì kè: ài hào
第四课：爱好 Lesson Four: Hobbies



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Say and write the terms for basic personal hobbies;
2. Ask about someone's hobbies;
3. Ask friends out to see a movie;
4. Set up plans for the weekend.

Dì kè: ài hào
第四课：爱好 Lesson Four: Hobbies

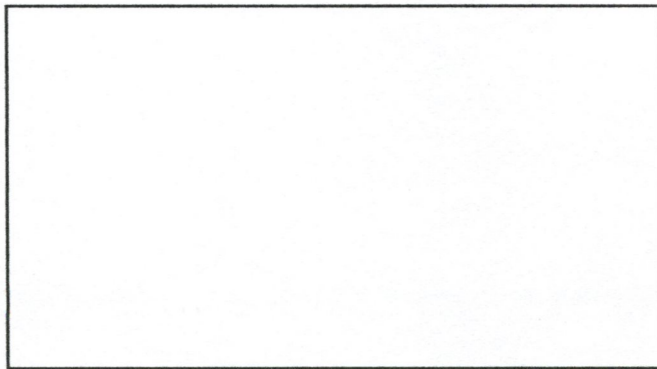
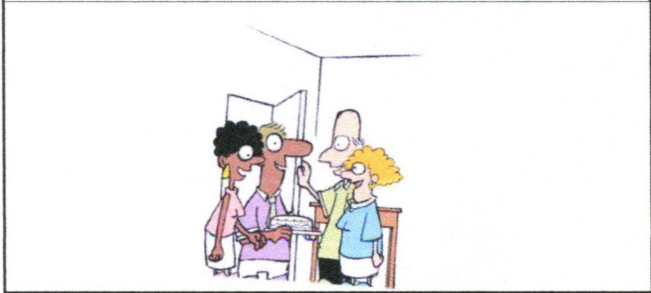


Forms & Accuracy:

1. Word Order in Chinese
2. Affirmative + Negative (A-not-A) Questions (II)
3. The Conjunction 那 (么) [nà (me)]
4. 去 (qù) + Action
5. Questions with 好吗 (hǎo ma)
6. 因为 (yīnwèi) ... 所以 (suǒyǐ) ... (Because...; therefore/so...)
7. The Modal Verb 想 (xiǎng)
8. Verb + Object as a Detachable Compound

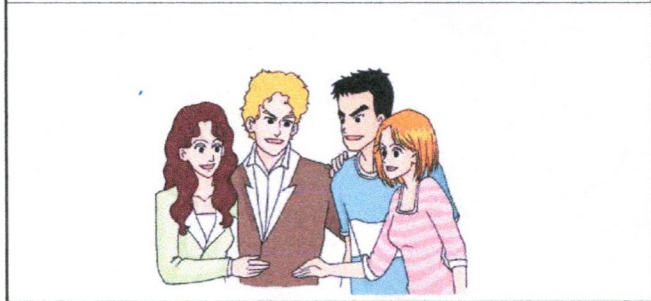
Dì kè: kàn péng yǒu

第五课：看朋友 Lesson Five: Visiting Friends



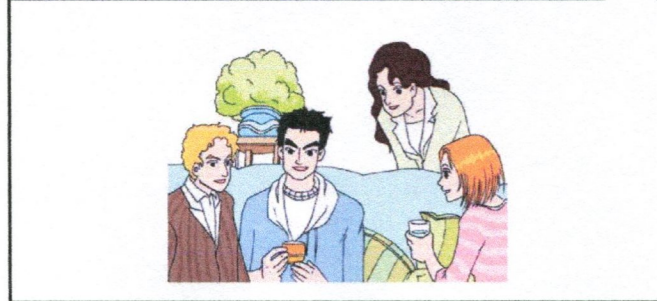
Duì huà Bǎifāng péngyǒu de jiā

对话一：拜访朋友的家 Visiting A Friend's House



Xùshù wén Bǎifāng péngyǒu de jiā Narrative

(二) 叙述文：拜访朋友的家 Visiting A Friend's House



Dì kè: kàn péng yǒu

第五课：看朋友 Lesson Five: Visiting Friends



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Welcome a visitor;
2. Introduce one person to another;
3. Compliment someone on his/her house;
4. Ask for beverages as a guest at someone else's place;
5. Offer beverages to a visitor;
6. Briefly describe a visit to a friend's place.

Dì kè: kàn péng yǒu

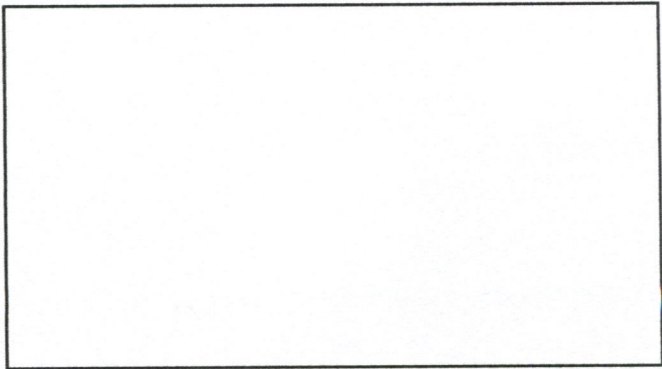
第五课：看朋友 Lesson Five: Visiting Friends



Forms & Accuracy:

1. 一下 (yí xià) and (一) 点儿 (yìdiǎnr) Moderating the Tone of Voice
2. Adjectives as Predicates: Ex 很好、很漂亮
3. The Preposition 在 (zài, at; in ; on)
4. The Particle 吧 (ba)
5. The Particle 了 (le) (l): a. to signify the occurrence or completion of an action, or b. to indicate the emergence of a situation.
6. The Adverb 才 (cái)

Dì kè: yuē shí jiān
第六课：约时间 Lesson Six: Making Appointments 





Duì huà gěi lǎo shī dǎ diàn huà
对话一：给老师打电话 Calling One's Teacher 



Duì huà dǎ diàn huà qǐng péng yǒu bāng máng
对话二：打电话请朋友帮忙 Calling A Friend for Help 



Dì kè: yuē shí jiān
第六课：约时间 Lesson Six: Making Appointments 

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:
 In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Answer a phone call and initiate a phone conversation;
2. Set up an appointment with a teacher on the phone;
3. Ask for a favor;
4. Ask someone to return your call.

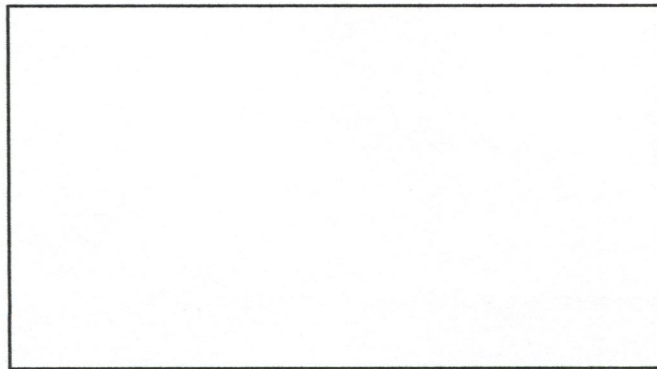
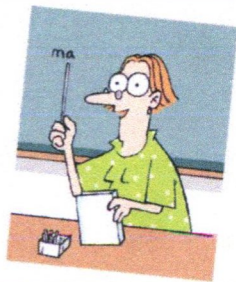
Dì kè: yuē shí jiān
第六课：约时间 Lesson Six: Making Appointments 

Forms & Accuracy:

1. The Preposition 给 (gěi)
2. The Modal Verb 要 (yào) (I)
3. The Adverb 别 (bié)
4. Time Expressions
5. The Modal Verb 得 (děi)
6. Directional Complements (I): 进来、进去; 回来、回去
7. 跟: A跟B+VO (A does something with B)
 A跟B见面 (A meets with B)

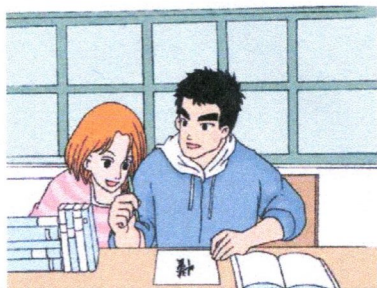
Dì kè: xué zhōng wén

第七课: 学中文 Lesson Seven: Studying Chinese



Dui huà Nǐ kǎoshì kǎo de zěnmeyàng

对话一: 你考试考得怎么样? How did you do on the exam?



Dui huà Zhǔnbèi zhōngwén kè

对话二: 准备中文课 Preparing for a Chinese Class



Dì kè: xué zhōng wén

第七课: 学中文 Lesson Seven: Studying Chinese



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Comment on one's performance in an exam;
2. Comment on one's character writing;
3. Talk about one's experience in learning Chinese vocabulary and grammar;
4. Talk about one's study habits;
5. Remark on typical scenes from one's language class.

Dì kè: xué zhōng wén

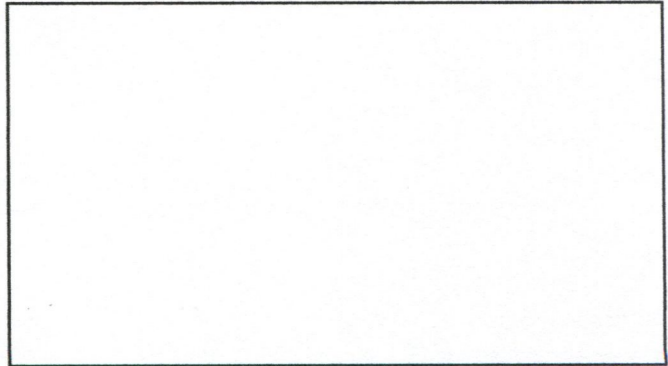
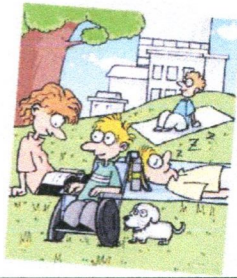
第七课: 学中文 Lesson Seven: Studying Chinese



Forms & Accuracy:

1. Descriptive Complements (I): 得 Ex 写得很好
2. The Adverbs 太 (tài) and 真 (zhēn)
3. The Adverb 就 (jiù) (I)
4. Double Objects
5. Ordinal Numbers
6. 有 (一) 点儿 (yǒu {yì} diǎnr)
7. 怎么 (zěnmeyàng) in Questions
8. The 的 (de) Structure (I) Ex 男的、容易的 = a noun
9. The Use of Nouns and Pronouns in Continuous Discourse

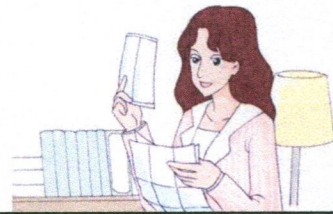
Dì kè: xué xiào shēng huó
第八课: 学校生活 Lesson Eight: School Life



Yī piān rì jì: Yī gè diǎn xíng de xuéxiào rì
一篇日记: 一个典型的学校日
A Diary: A Typical School Day



Yī fēng xìn: Tán xué zhōngwén
一封信: 谈学中文
A Letter: Talking About Studying Chinese



Dì kè: xué xiào shēng huó
第八课: 学校生活 Lesson Eight: School Life



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Describe the routine of a student's life on campus;
2. Write a simple diary entry;
3. Write a brief letter in the proper format;
4. Express your modesty in terms of your foreign language ability;
5. Invite friends to go on an outing.

Dì kè: xué xiào shēng huó
第八课: 学校生活 Lesson Eight: School Life

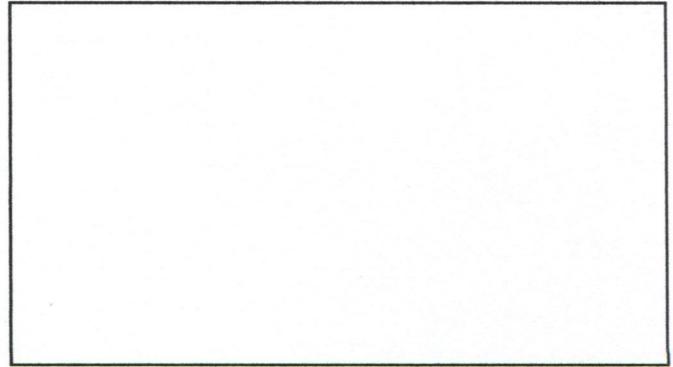
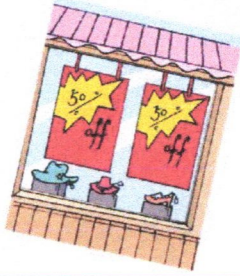


Forms & Accuracy:

1. The Position of Time-When Expressions
2. The Adverb 就 (jiù) (II)
3. 一边...一边... (yìbiān...yìbiān...)
4. Series of Verbs/Verb Phrases
5. The Particle 了 (le) (II)
6. The Particle 的 (de) (III)
7. The Adverb 正在 (zhèngzài)
8. 除了...以外, 还... (chúle...yǐwài, hái...)
9. 能 (néng) and 会 (huì) (I) Compared
10. The Adverb 就 (jiù) (III)

Dì kè: mǎi dōng xī
第九课：买东西

Lesson Nine: Shopping



Dui huà yī mǎi yī fú
对话一：买衣服

Shopping for Clothes



Dui huà èr huàn xié zi
对话二：换鞋子

Exchanging Shoes



Dì kè: mǎi dōng xī
第九课：买东西

Lesson Nine: Shopping



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Speak about the color, size, and price of a purchase;
2. Recognize Chinese currency;
3. Pay bills in cash or with a credit card;

Dì kè: mǎi dōng xī
第九课：买东西

Lesson Nine: Shopping



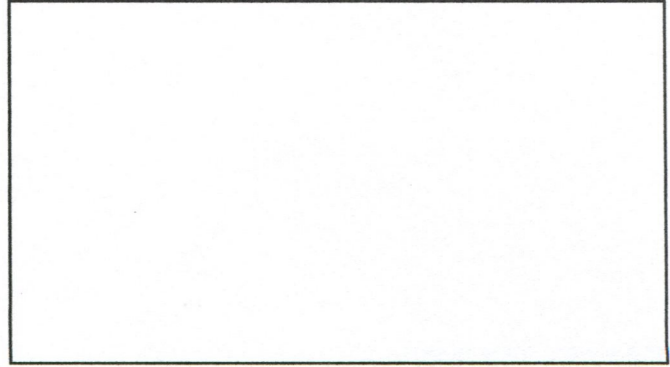
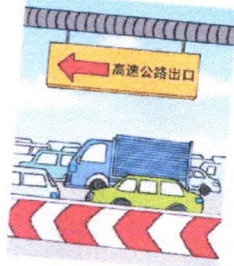
Forms & Accuracy:

1. The Modal Verb 要 (yào) (II)
2. Measure Words (II)
3. The 的 (de) structure (II): 我的、大的、老师的
4. 多 (duō) Used Interrogatively
5. Amounts of Money
6. 跟/和... (不)一样 (gēn/hé... {bù} yíyàng)
7. 虽然..., 可是/但是... (suīrán..., kěshì/dànshì...)

Dì kè: jiāo tōng

第十课：交通

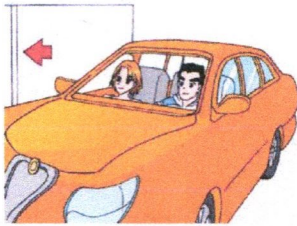
Lesson Ten: Transportation



Duì huà yī Huí jiā guò hán jià

对话一：回家过寒假

Going Home for the Winter Vacat



Duì huà èr huàn xié zì

一封电子邮件：谢谢别人开车送你

Yī fēng diànzǐ yóujiàn: Xièxiè biérén kāichē sòng nǐ
An Email: Thanking Someone for the Ride



Dì kè: jiāo tōng

第十课：交通

Lesson Ten: Transportation



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Comment about several means of transportation;
2. Explain how to travel from one station to another;
3. Describe a traffic route;
4. Express your gratitude after receiving a personal favor;
5. Offer New Year's wishes.

Dì kè: jiāo tōng

第十课：交通

Lesson Ten: Transportation



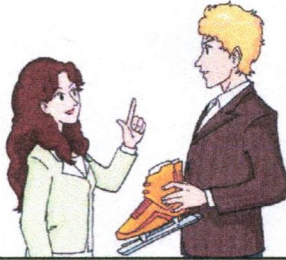
Forms & Accuracy:

1. Topic-Comment Sentence
2. 怎么去 vs. 怎么走
3. 或者 (huòzhě) and 还是 (háishi)
4. 先 (xiān)...再 (zài) ...
5. 还是...吧 (háishi ...ba, had better)
6. 每...都 (měi...dōu, every)
7. 要...了 (yào...le, soon)
8. 让 (ràng) Someone

Dì kè: Tán Tiān Qì
第十一课：谈天气 Lesson Eleven: Talking about the Weather



Duì huà yī Míngtiān de tiānqì huì gèng hǎo
对话一：明天的天气会更好
Tomorrow's Weather Will Be Even Better



Duì huà èr Zhè biān de tiānqì hěn zāo gāo
对话二：这边的天气很糟糕
The Weather Here Is Awful



Dì kè: Tán Tiān Qì
第十一课：谈天气 Lesson Eleven: Talking about the Weather



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Employ basic terms for weather patterns and phenomena;
2. Describe simple weather changes;
3. Compare the weather of two places;
4. Talk about what you may do in nice or bad weather;
5. Present a simple weather forecast.

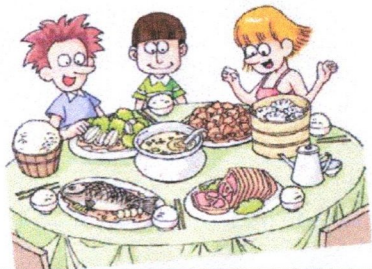
Dì kè: Tán Tiān Qì
第十一课：谈天气 Lesson Eleven: Talking about the Weather



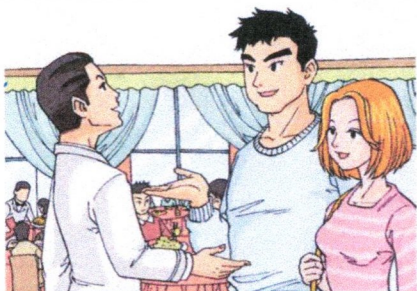
Forms & Accuracy:

1. Comparative Sentences with 比 (bǐ) (I)
2. The Particle 了 (le) (III): to indicate a change of status or the realization of a new situation
3. The Modal Verb 会 (huì, will) (II)
4. Adj + (一)点儿 (yī diǎnr)
5. The Adverb 又 (yòu, again)
6. Adj / V + 是 (shì) + Adj / V, + 可是/但是... (kěshì/dànshì...)

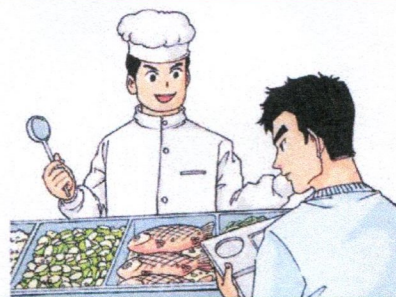
Dì kè: Chī Fàn
第十二课: 吃饭 Lesson Twelve: Dining



Duì huà yī Zài wài miàn chī fàn
对话一: 在外面吃饭 Dining Out



Duì huà èr Zài xuéxiào cāntīng chīfàn
对话二: 在学校餐厅吃饭 Eating in A Cafeteria



Dì kè: Chī Fàn
第十二课: 吃饭 Lesson Twelve: Dining



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Ask if there are seats available in a restaurant;
2. Order Chinese dishes;
3. Tell the waiter your dietary preferences and restrictions;
4. Ask the restaurant to recommend dishes;
5. Rush your order;
6. Pay for your meal;
7. Get the correct change after your payment.

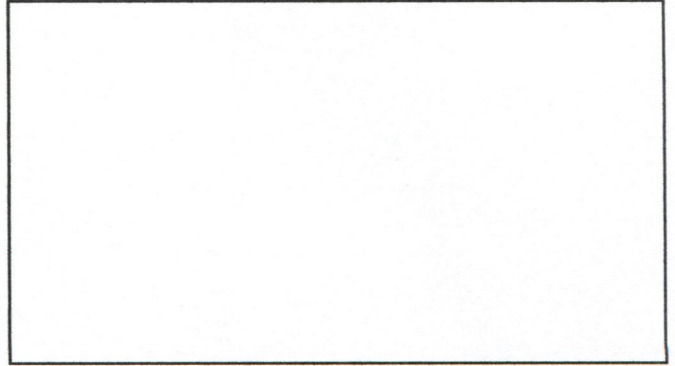
Dì kè: Chī Fàn
第十二课: 吃饭 Lesson Twelve: Dining



Forms & Accuracy:

1. Adverb 多/少 (duō/shǎo) + V
2. 刚 (gāng) vs 刚才 (gāngcái)
3. 好 (hǎo) as a Resultative Complement: 饭做好了
4. Resultative Complements(I) 卖完了、找错钱了
5. 一...也/都...不/没... (yī...yě/dōu...bù/méi)
6. The Verb 来 (lái).
7. Reduplication of Adjectives: 凉凉的、酸酸的

Dì kè: Wèn lù
第十三课：问路 Lesson Thirteen: Asking Directions



Dui huà yī Nǐ yào qù nǎ lǐ
对话一：你要去哪里？ Where Are You Off To?



Dui huà èr Qù Zhōng Guó Chéng
对话二：去中国城 Going to China Town



Dì kè: Wèn lù
第十三课：问路 Lesson Thirteen: Asking Directions



LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

1. Ask for and give directions;
2. Identify locations by using landmarks as references;
3. Describe whether two places are close to or far away from one another;
4. State where you are heading and the purpose of going there.

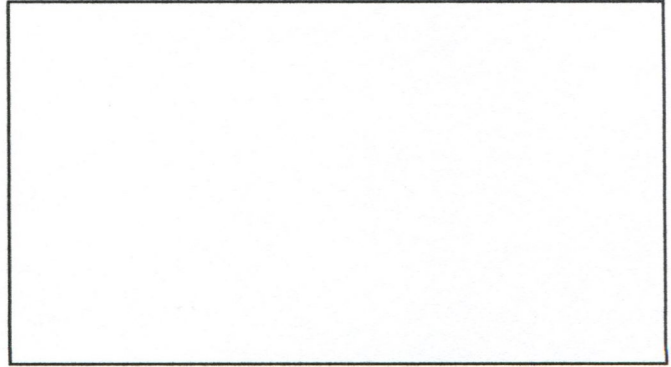
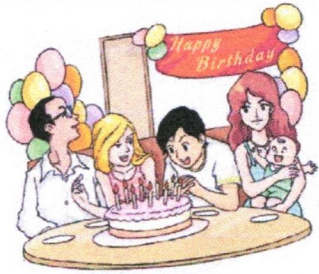
Dì kè: Wèn lù
第十三课：问路 Lesson Thirteen: Asking Directions



Forms & Accuracy:

1. Direction and Location Words
2. Comparative Sentences with 没(有) (méi{yǒu})
3. 那 (nà) Indicating Degree
4. 到 (dào) + Place + 去 (qù) + Action
5. The Dynamic Particle 过 (guo)
6. Reduplication of Verbs
7. Resultative Complements(II)
8. 一...就 (yī...jiù..., as soon as... Then...)

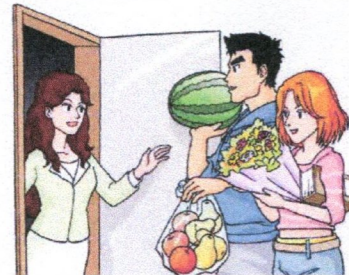
Dì shí sì kè: shēng rì pài duì
 第十四课：生日派对 Lesson Fourteen: Birthday Party



Dui huà yī Wǒmen qù shēng rì pài duì ba
 对话一：我们去生日派对吧！ Let's Go to a Party!



Dui huà èr Cānjiā s hēng rì pài duì
 对话二：参加生日派对 Attending A Birthday Party



第十四课 学习目标 (LESSON 14 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)



In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

- Ask a friend to go to a party with you;
- Suggest things to take to a get-together;
- Offer someone a ride and arrange a time and place to meet;
- Thank people for their gifts;
- Describe a duration of time;
- Talk about the year of your birth and your Chinese zodiac sign;
- Give a simple description of someone's facial features.

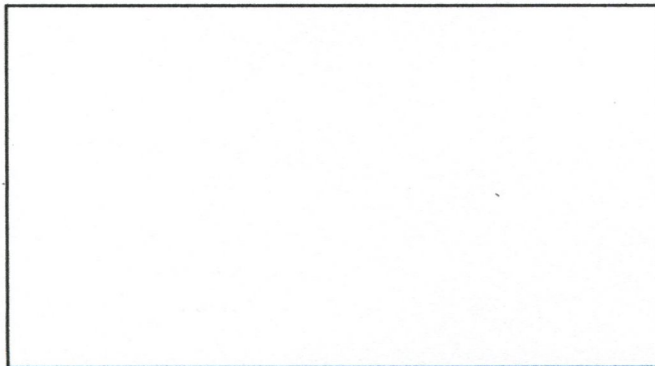
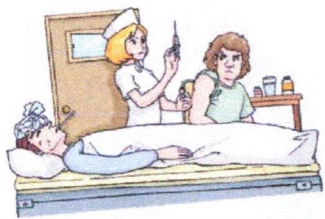
第十四课 学习目标 (LESSON 14 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)



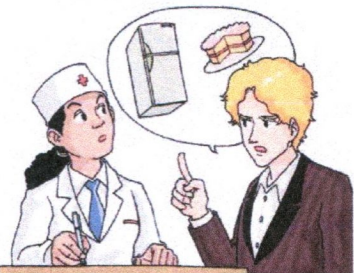
Forms & Accuracy:

1. 呢 (ne) Indicating an Action in Progress
2. Verbal Phrases and Subject-Predicate Phrases Used as Attributives
3. Time Duration
4. Sentences with 是...的 (shì...de)
5. 还 (hái, still)
6. 又...又... (yòu...yòu..., both...and...)

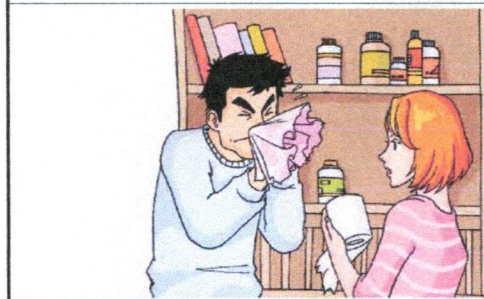
Dì kè: kàn bìng
第十五课：看病 Lesson Fifteen: Seeing A Doctor



Dui huà yī Wǒ de dù zǐ tòng sǐ le
对话一：我的肚子痛死了！ My Stomachache Is Killing Me!



Dui huà èr guò mǐn
对话二：过敏 Allergies



第十五课 学习目标 (LESSON 15 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)



In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

- Talk about basic symptoms of a cold;
- Describe common symptoms of allergies;
- Understand and repeat instructions on when and how often to take medications;
- Talk about why you do or don't want to see the doctor;
- Urge others to see a doctor when they are not feeling well.

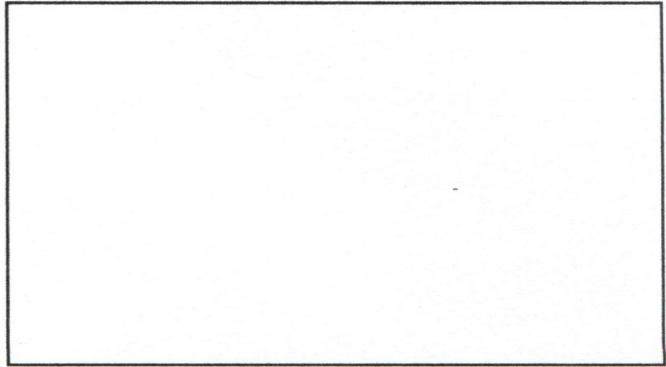
第十五课 文法重点 (LESSON 15 GRAMMAR POINTS)



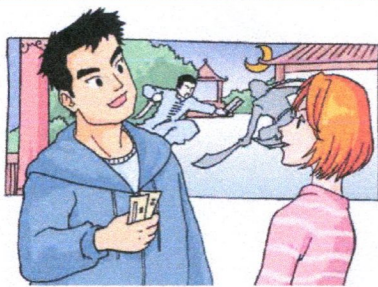
Forms & Accuracy:

1. 死 (sǐ) indicating an Extreme Degree
2. Times of Actions: 吃了三次药
3. 起来 (qǐ lái) indicating the Beginning of an Action
4. 把 (bǎ) Construction (I)
5. The measure words for times of actions: 次 cì and 遍 biàn.
6. The Preposition 对 (duì)
7. 越来越... (yuè lái yuè)
8. 再说 (zài shuō)

Dì kè: yuē huì
第十六课：约会 Lesson Sixteen: Dating



Dui huà yī Kàn diànyǐng
对话一：看电影 Seeing a Movie



Dui huà èr wǎn jù yāo yuē
对话二：婉拒邀约 Turing Down An Invitation



第十六课 学习目标 (LESSON 16 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

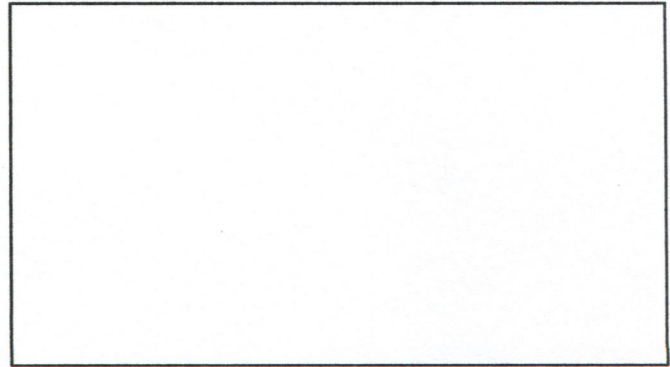
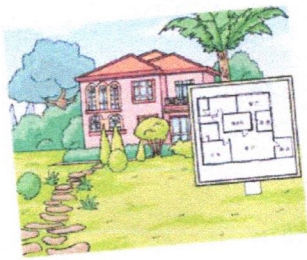
- Describe how long you've known someone;
- Invite someone to go on a date;
- Make the necessary arrangements to go out with friends;
- Accept a date courteously;
- Decline a date politely;
- End a phone conversation without hurting the other person's feelings.

第十六课 学习目标 (LESSON 16 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

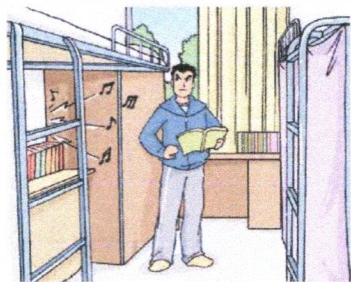
Forms & Accuracy:

1. Descriptive complements (II): 孩子笑得很可爱 (describe the subject)
2. Resultative complements
3. Directional Complements (II): 下楼来、上楼去
4. Potential Complements: 学得会学不会
5. 就 (jiù)

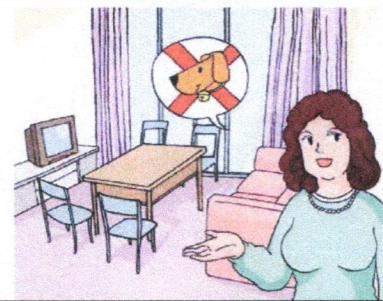
Dì kè: zū fáng zi
 第十七课：租房子 Lesson Seventeen: Renting An Apartment



Dui huà yī Zhǎo gè gèng hǎo de dì fāng
 对话一：找个更好的地方 Finding a Better Place



Dui huà èr Dǎ diànhuà wèn chūzū gōngyù
 对话二：打电话问出租公寓 Calling about an Apartment for Rent



第十七课 学习目标 (LESSON 17 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)



In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

- Describe your current and ideal living quarters;
- Name common pieces of furniture;
- State how long you have been living at your current residence;
- Comment briefly on why a place is or isn't good for someone;
- Discuss and negotiate rent, utilities, and security deposits.

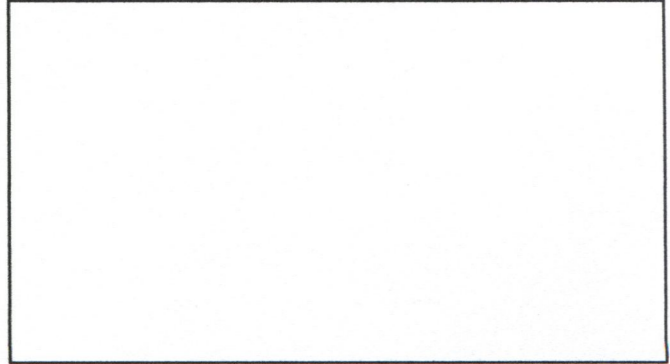
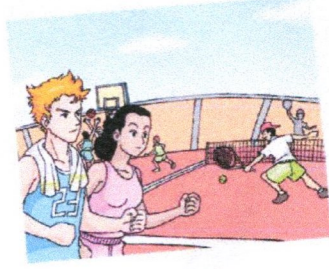
第十七课 学习目标 (LESSON 17 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)



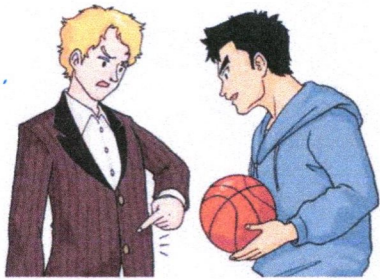
Forms & Accuracy:

1. Verb + 了 + Numeral + Measure Word + Noun + 了: 病了三天了
2. 连 (even) ... 都/也
3. Potential Complements with Verb + 不下
4. 多 Indicating an Approximate Number: 二十多个学生
5. Question Pronouns with 都/也 (II)

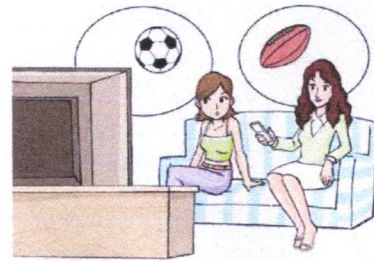
Dì kè: yùn dòng
 第十八课：运动 Lesson Eighteen: Sports



Dui huà yī Wǒ de dù zi yuè lái yuè dà le
 对话一：我的肚子越来越大了 My Gut Keeps Getting Bigger and Bigger!



Dui huà èr Kàn gǎn lǎn qiú
 对话二：看橄榄球 Watching American Football



第十八课 学习目标 (LESSON 18 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

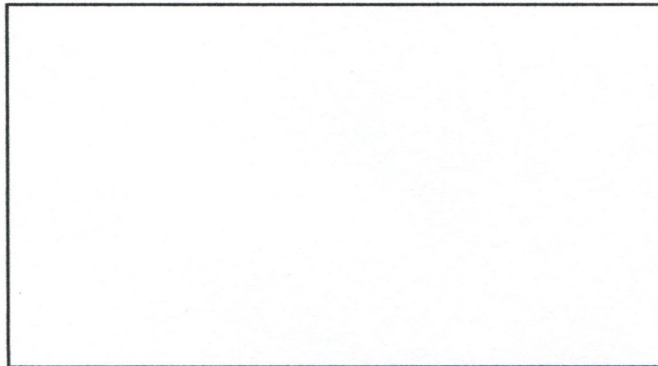
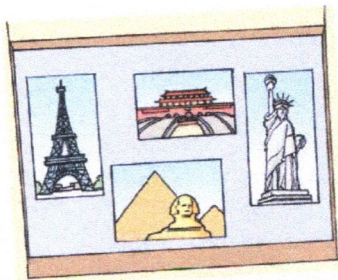
- Name some popular sports;
- Talk about your exercise habits;
- Discuss your feelings about various sports;
- Make a simple comparison between how soccer and American football are played.

第十八课 学习目标 (LESSON 18 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

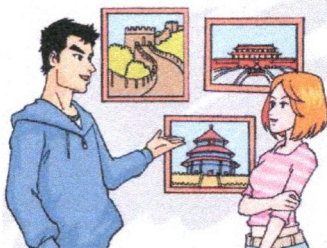
Forms & Accuracy:

1. Use 没 to indicate "Duration of Non-Action"
2. Use 又 yòu to suggest augmentation or exacerbation of certain conditions or circumstances
3. 好/难 + Verb
4. 下去 Indicating Continuation
5. The Particle 着: 躺着听音乐
6. 被/叫/让 In Passive-voice Sentences
7. Duration of Actions: 听录音听一个小时

Dì kè: lǚ xíng
第十九课：旅行 Lesson Nineteen: Travel



Dui huà yī Dào běijīng lǚ yóu
对话一：到北京旅游 Traveling to Beijing



Dui huà èr Jì huà xíngchéng
对话二：计划行程 Planning an Itinerary



第十九课 学习目标 (LESSON 19 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to

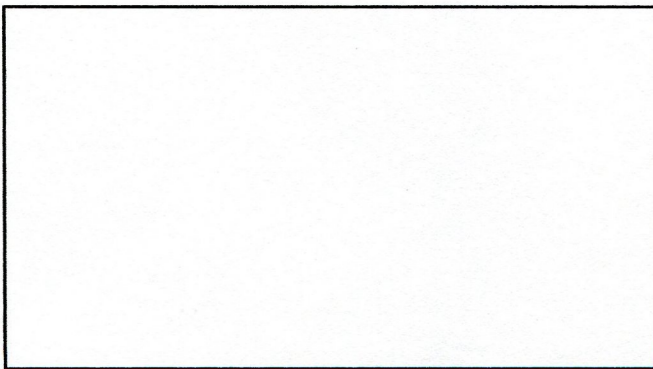
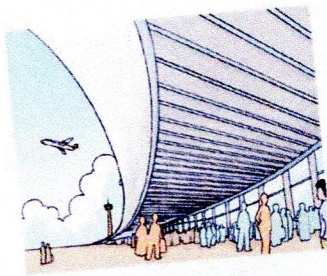
- Talk about your plans for summer vacation;
- Describe what kind of city Beijing is;
- Describe your travel itinerary;
- Ask for discounts, compare airfares and routes, and book an airplane ticket;
- Ask about seat assignments and request meal accommodations based on your dietary restrictions or preferences.

第十九课 学习目标 (LESSON 19 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

Forms & Accuracy:

1. 不得了 extremely
2. Question Pronouns as Indefinite References (Whoever, Whatever, etc.): 谁想去, 谁就去
3. Numbers over One Thousand: 千、万、亿、十亿
4. Comparative Sentences with 比 (II)

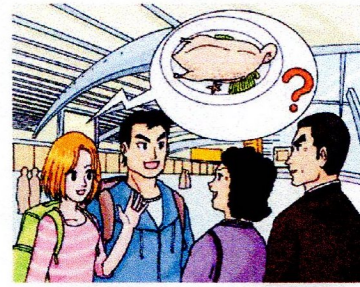
Dì èr shí kè: Zài jī chǎng Lesson Twenty: At the Airport



Dui huà yī Zài jī chǎng bàn lǐ dēng jī shǒu xù Checking In at the Airport



Dui huà èr Dào dá běi jīng Arriving in Beijing



第二十课 学习目标 (LESSON 20 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

- In this lesson, you will learn to use Chinese to
- Check in at the airport;
 - Wish departing friends a safe journey and remind them to keep in touch;
 - Greet guests at the airport;
 - Compliment someone on his or her language ability;
 - Ask about someone's health;
 - Remind people to move on to the next event.

第二十课 学习目标 (LESSON 20 LEARNING OBJECTIVES)

- Forms & Accuracy:
1. ...的时候 and ...以后 Compared
 2. 的、得、地 Compared
 3. 还 + Positive Adjective
 4. Kinship terms